

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application.

**What is claimed:**

1. (Currently Amended) A method of treating patients who have diseases characterized by bone loss comprising the step of administering to said patient an amount of TRANCE/RANK inhibitors effective to inhibit osteoclastogenesis and/or osteoclast function, wherein said TRANCE/RANK inhibitor is a compound having the Formula I wherein:

R<sub>1</sub>, and R<sub>2</sub> are, independently, selected from the group consisting of -H, -OCH<sub>3</sub>, -CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>, -t-butyl, 3-carboxy-4-chlorophenylamino, -N-(CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>OH)<sub>2</sub>, and -O(O)C-Ph;

R<sub>3</sub> is selected from the group consisting of -H, ethyl, -OCH<sub>3</sub>, -Cl, Br, F, 3carboxy-4-chlorophenylamino, -N-(CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>OH)<sub>2</sub>, -t-butyl, and -OC(O)-Ph, and is not limited to attachment at any certain position on the phenyl ring to which it is attached; and

R<sub>4</sub> is selected from the group consisting of -Br, -Cl, and -F.

2. (Cancelled) The method of claim 1 wherein said TRANCE/RANK inhibitor is a compound having the Formula I wherein:

R<sub>1</sub>, and R<sub>2</sub> are, independently, selected from the group consisting of H, -OCH<sub>3</sub>, -CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>, -t-butyl, 3-carboxy-4-chlorophenylamino, -N-(CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>OH)<sub>2</sub>, and -O(O)C-Ph;

R<sub>3</sub> is selected from the group consisting of H, ethyl, -OCH<sub>3</sub>, -Cl, Br, F, 3carboxy-4-chlorophenylamino, -N-(CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>OH)<sub>2</sub>, -t-butyl, and -OC(O)-Ph, and is not limited to attachment at any certain position on the phenyl ring to which it is attached; and

R<sub>4</sub> is selected from the group consisting of -Br, -Cl, and -F.

3. (Original) The method of claim 2 wherein R<sub>3</sub> is attached at either the 1 or 4 position of the 15 phenyl ring.

4. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1 wherein said TRANCE/RANK inhibitor is a compound having the Formula I wherein:

R<sub>1</sub>, R<sub>2</sub>, and R<sub>3</sub> are -OCH<sub>3</sub>, R<sub>3</sub> is attached at the 4 position, R<sub>4</sub> is -Cl;

R<sub>1</sub>, and R<sub>2</sub> are methyl, R<sub>3</sub> is ethyl, attached at the 4 position, R<sub>4</sub> is -Cl;

R<sub>1</sub>, and R<sub>2</sub> are -OCH<sub>3</sub>, R<sub>3</sub> is -Cl, attached at the 2 position, R<sub>4</sub> is -Cl;

R<sub>1</sub>, and R<sub>2</sub> are -OCH<sub>3</sub> and R<sub>3</sub> is H, R<sub>4</sub> is -Cl;

R<sub>1</sub>, is H, R<sub>2</sub> and R<sub>3</sub> are 3-carboxy-4-chlorophenylamino, and R<sub>3</sub> is attached at the 4 position, R<sub>4</sub> is -Cl;

R<sub>1</sub> and R<sub>2</sub> are -N(CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>OH)<sub>2</sub>, R<sub>3</sub> is Cl, attached at the 4 position, R<sub>4</sub> is -Cl;

R<sub>1</sub>, R<sub>2</sub>, and R<sub>3</sub> are *t*-butyl, R<sub>3</sub> is attached at the 4 position, R<sub>4</sub> is -Cl;

R<sub>1</sub>, is -OCH<sub>3</sub>, R<sub>2</sub> and R<sub>3</sub> are H, R<sub>4</sub> is Cl; or

R<sub>1</sub>, R<sub>2</sub>, and R<sub>3</sub> are benzoate, R<sub>3</sub> is attached at the 4 position, R<sub>4</sub> is Br.

5. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein said TRANCE/RANK inhibitor is selected from the group consisting I-A, I-B, I-C, I-D, I-E, I-F, I-G, I-H and I-I.

6. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 1 wherein said TRANCE/RANK inhibitor is a compound having the Formula II wherein:

R<sub>1</sub> is selected from the group consisting of -diphenylchloromethyl, -di(4chlorophenyl)chloro methyl, and 4-(diphenylchloromethyl)phenyl; and R<sub>2</sub>, R<sub>3</sub>, R<sub>4</sub> are independently selected from the group consisting of -Br, -Cl, and -F.

7. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 6 wherein R<sub>2</sub>, R<sub>3</sub>, and R<sub>4</sub> are each -Cl.

8. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 1 wherein the TRANCE/RANK inhibitor is selected from the group consisting compounds II-A, II-B, II-C and II-D.

9. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 1 wherein said inhibitor is a compound having Formula III wherein:

R<sub>1</sub>= (NO<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, O(CO)CH<sub>3</sub>, OH, O(CO)CH<sub>3</sub>, O(CO)(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>COOH, O(CO)CH<sub>2</sub>Br, O(CO)CH<sub>2</sub>Cl, O(CO)CH<sub>2</sub>N(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>, or OC<sub>s</sub>H<sub>9</sub>O;

R<sub>2</sub>= CH<sub>2</sub>O(NO<sub>2</sub>), CHO, CH<sub>2</sub>O(NO<sub>2</sub>), CN, CH<sub>3</sub>, COOH, CHNOH, CH<sub>2</sub>O(CO)(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>COOH, CHN(NH)CONH<sub>2</sub>, CHN(NH)C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>5</sub>, CHN(CH<sub>2</sub>)C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>5</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>N(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>OH, CH<sub>2</sub>NC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>5</sub>, or CH<sub>2</sub>N(NH)CSNH<sub>2</sub>;

R<sub>3</sub>= OH, or H;

R<sub>4</sub>= CH<sub>3</sub>;

R<sub>5</sub>= OH;

R<sub>6</sub> = C<sub>4</sub>H<sub>3</sub>O<sub>2</sub>, N(NHCO)C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>Cl, N(NHCO)C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>F, COOH, O, COCH<sub>3</sub>, CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>COOH, CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>COOCH<sub>3</sub>, O(CO)C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>5</sub>, or OH;

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$R_7 = O(CO)CH_2N(CH_3)_3$ , or  $O(CO)CH_3$ ;

$R_8 = OH$ ;

$R_9 = O$ , or  $OH$ ; and  $R_{10} = O$

$R_{10} = O$ .

10. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 1 wherein the inhibitor is selected from the group consisting compounds 111-1 to 111-31.

11. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 1 wherein said inhibitor is a compound having Formula IV wherein:

$R_1 = O(CO)(CH_2)_2COOH$ , or  $O(CO)CH_2Br$ ; and

$R_2 = O(CO)(CH_2)_2COOH$ , or  $O(CO)CH_2Br$ .

12. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 1 wherein the inhibitor is selected from the group consisting compounds IV-1 and IV-2.

13. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 1 wherein said inhibitor is a compound having Formula V wherein:

$R_1 = O$ ,  $OH$ , or  $O(CO)CH_3$ ;

$R_2 = O(CO)CH_3$ ,  $OH$ ,  $CO(CH_3)$ , or  $CO(CH_2)O(CO)CH_3$ ;

$R_3 = CH_3$ , or  $OH$ ; and

$R_4 = O(CO)CH_2C_6H_4I$ , or  $CH_3$ .

14. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 1 wherein the inhibitor is selected from the group consisting compounds V-1 and V-5

15. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 1 wherein said inhibitor is a compound having Formula VI wherein:

$R_1 = O(CO)CH_3, OH, \text{ or } O(CO)(CH_2)_2COOH;$

$R_2 = CH_3;$

$R_3 = O, \text{ or } OH;$

$R_4 = CH_3$

$R_5 = C_9H_{13}COCH_3, C_9H_{13}(CH_2CH_3)(CH_2OH), C_9H_{13}(CH_3CH_3)(CH_2OOCH_3),$   
 $C_9H_{13}(CH_2CH_2)(CH_2OCO(CH_2)_2COOH), C_9H_{13}(CH_2CH_3)(COOH), \text{ or}$   
 $C_8H_7O(CH_3)(C_4H_9OCH_3);$

$R_6 = CH_3;$

$R_7 = O, \text{ or } H;$

$R_8 = CH_3;$

$R_9 = (CH_3)_2;$  and

$R_{10} = Br.$

16. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 1 wherein the inhibitor is selected from the group consisting compounds VI-1 and VI-11.

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17. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 1 wherein the inhibitor is selected from the group consisting compounds VII, VIII, IX, X, XI and XII.

Claims 18-43: (Cancelled)